

### Measurement Techniques to Characterize an Ultrasonic or Megasonic Cleaning System

UIA Symposium, Orlando, FL

**ONDA** Corporation

www.ondacorp.com

April 23, 2013



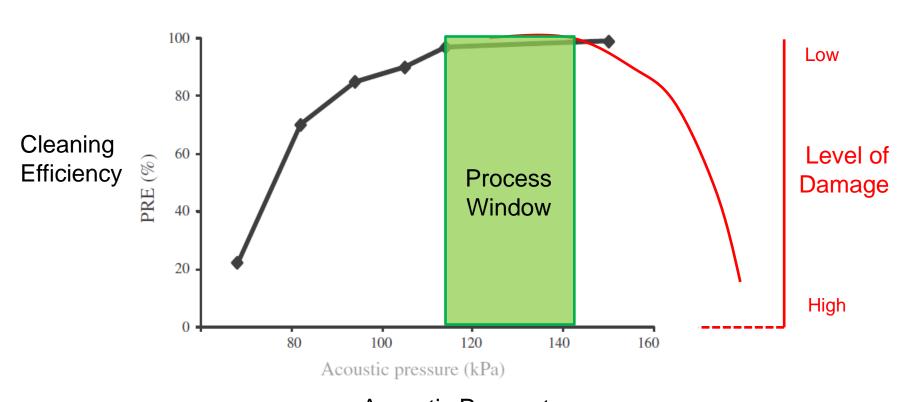
# Ultrasonic Cleaning Market

- 1930's RCA discovers ultrasound can clean
- 1950's commercialization of ultrasonic cleaner
- Cleaning Tank Install Base "hundreds of thousands"
- Market Segments
  - Precision: semiconductors, disk drives, LEDs, flat panel displays, solar, mobile, or other electronic devices, medical.
  - General: jewelry, food, aerospace, automotive, other industrial components
- Search for a reliable measurement technique has existed for decades ... and continues today.

### **Connecting Ultrasound with Cleaning**

**Yield Impact Process Variables Metrology Requirements Ultrasound** Gas concentration **Acoustic Uniformity Particle** Chemistry Removal Efficiency Mechanical **Acoustic Amplitude Temperature Damage Control** Flow rate Frequency **Process Time** 

### **Developing the Process Window**



Acoustic Parameter

# Process Challenge

"The most important process parameter driving the development of megasonic technologies is the need to provide a more *uniform acoustic field* in which the substrate is processed."

- Prosys Systems

# What is the ideal metrology?

- Meaningful
- Able to detect changes
- ☐ Trust-worthy
- Tool Matching
- ☐ Simple to Use
- □ Fast
- Affordable

# Scorecard

_	Optical Defect Inspection	Aluminum Foil / Ceramic Ring	Sonolumniscence	Hydrophone	Hydrophone + Scanner
Correlation to Cleaning					
Sensitive					
Repeatable					
Accurate					
Ease of Use					
Throughput					
Process Compatible					
Cost of Ownership					

### **Optical Defect Inspection**

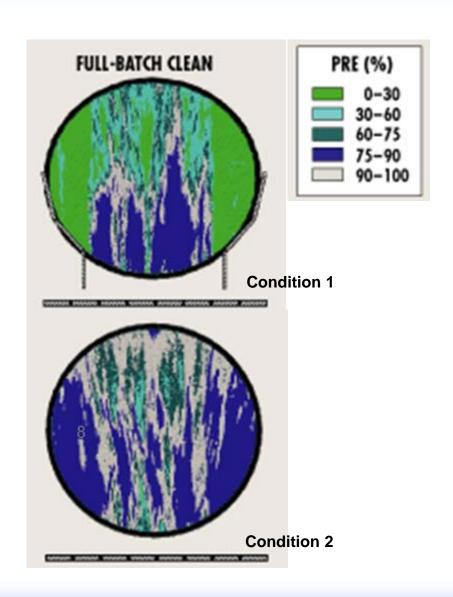


### Measurement Principle:

Scattered light

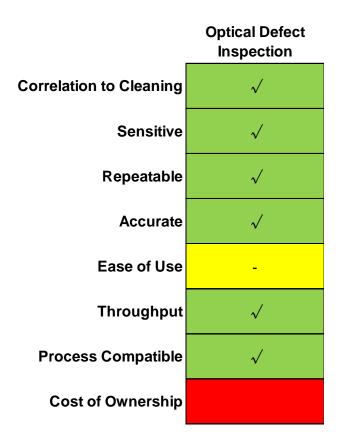
### Unit of Measure(s):

- Defect map
- •# of defects
- Particle size



ONDA Confidential

### Scorecard



### **Aluminum Foil Test**

Measurement Principle:

Erosion of Aluminum

Unit of Measure(s):

Visual erosion pattern



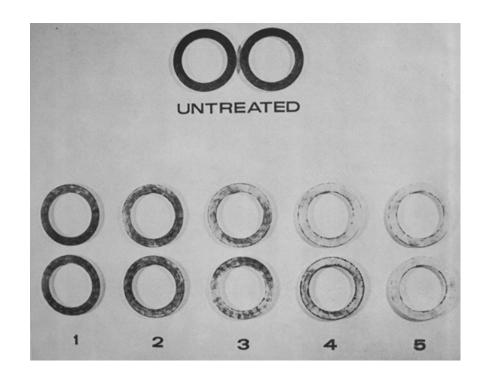
### **Ceramic Ring Test**

### Measurement Principle:

•Erosion of graphite on ceramic ring

### Unit of Measure(s):

Visual inspection of color change



# Scorecard

	Optical Defect Inspection	Aluminum Foil / Ceramic Ring
Correlation to Cleaning	$\checkmark$	-
Sensitive	<b>√</b>	-
Repeatable	√	-
Accurate	√	
Ease of Use	-	-
Throughput	√	
Process Compatible	√	
Cost of Ownership		√

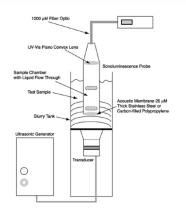
### Sonoluminescence

### Measurement Principle:

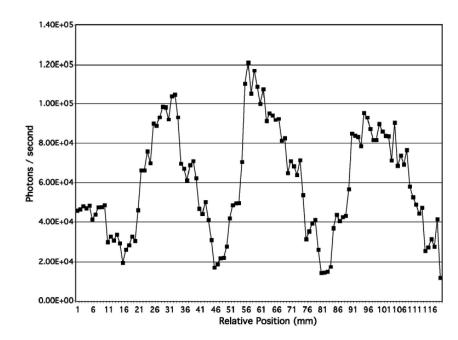
 Detecting photons as byproduct of cavitation

Unit of Measure(s):

Photon count / seconds







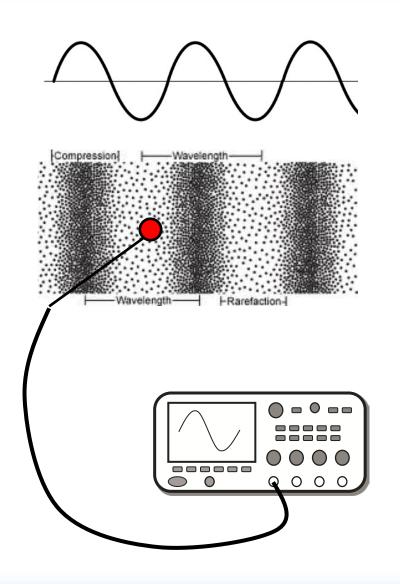
G. Ferrell and L. Crum, J. Acoustical Society June 2002

### Scorecard

	Optical Defect Inspection	Aluminum Foil / Ceramic Ring	Sonolumniscence
Correlation to Cleaning	<b>√</b>	-	-
Sensitive	<b>√</b>	-	-
Repeatable	√	-	√
Accurate	√		-
Ease of Use	-	-	-
Throughput	√		-
Process Compatible	√		
Cost of Ownership		√	-



### **Hydrophone Measurement**



Measurement Principle:

 Piezoelectric transducer converts sound pressure into electrical signal

Unit of Measure(s):

Voltage (time)

# Cleaning Tank Probes

















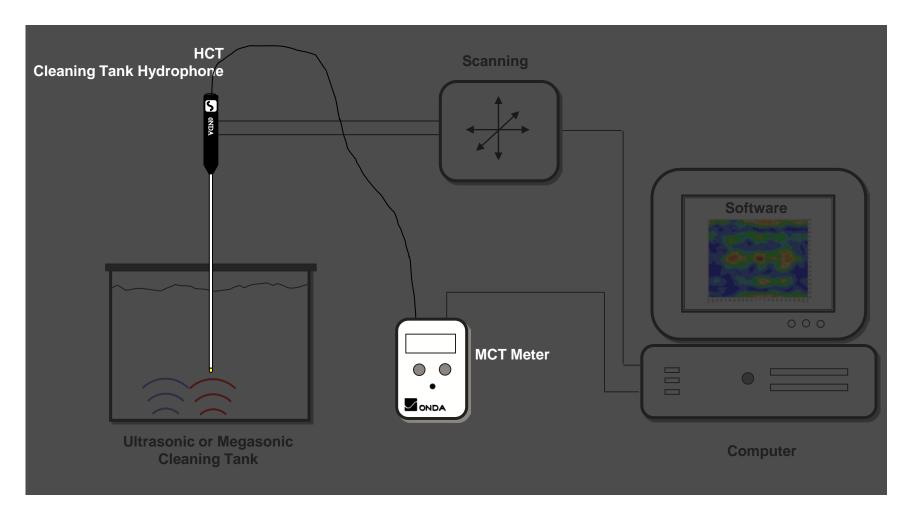








### Hydrophone Measurement



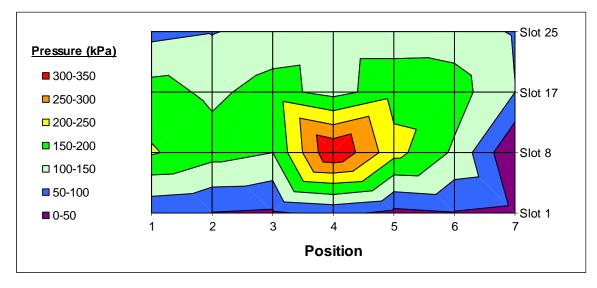
[ Not to scale ]

# **Acoustic Maps from Hydrophones**Comparing Two Cleaning Systems, f = 850 kHz

#### System #1

•Mean Pressure: 174 kPa

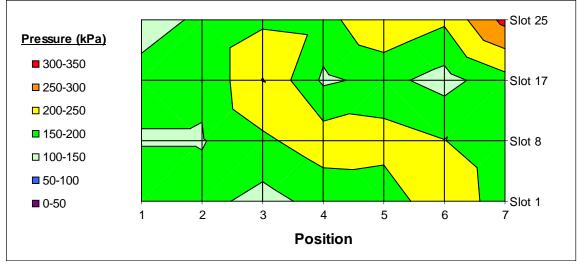
•Uniformity: 171%



#### System #2

•Mean Pressure: 184 kPa

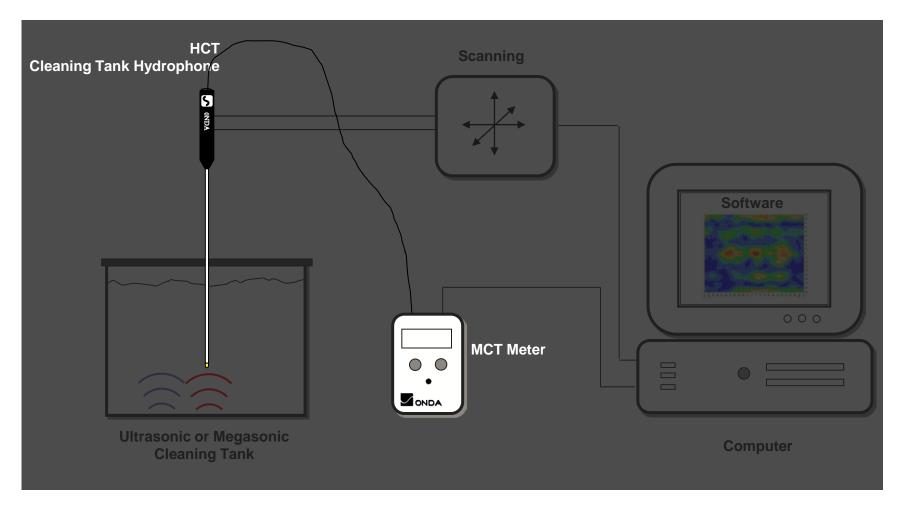
•Uniformity: 23%



# Scorecard

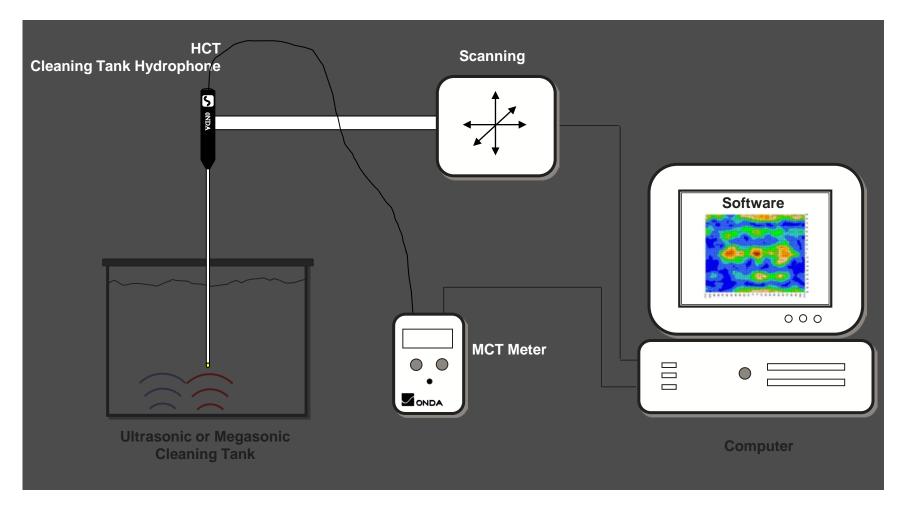
	Optical Defect Inspection	Aluminum Foil / Ceramic Ring	Sonolumniscence	Hydrophone
Correlation to Cleaning	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$
Sensitive	<b>√</b>	-	-	$\checkmark$
Repeatable	√	-	√	√
Accurate	√		-	√
Ease of Use	-	-	-	-
Throughput	√		-	-
Process Compatible	√			√
Cost of Ownership		√	-	-

### Hydrophone Measurement



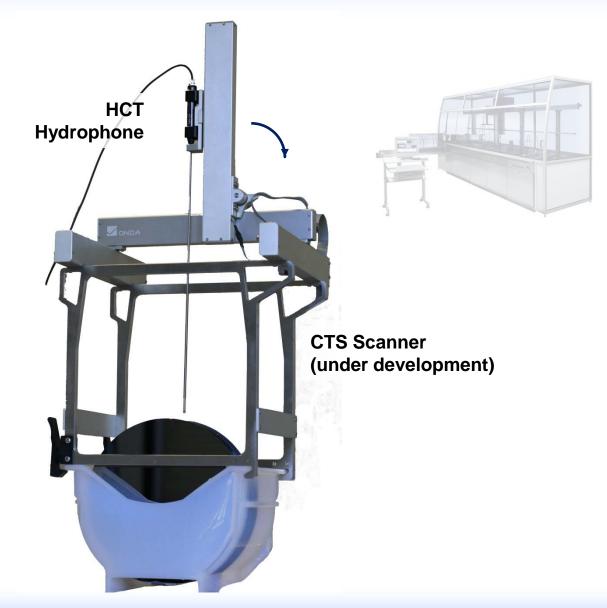
[ Not to scale ]

### Automating Hydrophone Measurement



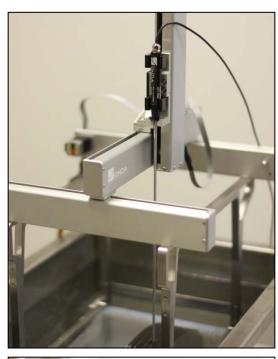
[ Not to scale ]

### Automated Scanning for Precision Cleaning





### CTS Scanner





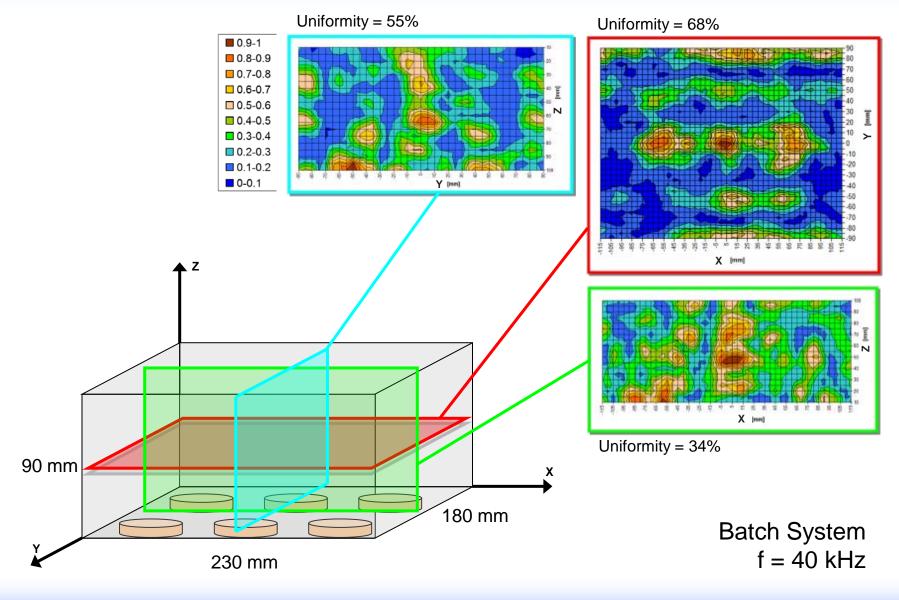
- X, Y, Z scanner mounted onto wafer carrier
- Scanner compatible with HCT hydrophone and MCT meter
- Full software control
- Designed to be able to measure "loaded" systems

### A short demonstration...





### **Mapping Acoustic Distribution**



# Scorecard

_	Optical Defect Inspection	Aluminum Foil / Ceramic Ring	Sonolumniscence	Hydrophone	Hydrophone + Scanner
Correlation to Cleaning	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$	√
Sensitive	<b>√</b>	-	-	√	√
Repeatable	√	-	√	√	√
Accurate	√		-	√	√
Ease of Use	-	-	-	-	-
Throughput	√		-	-	-
Process Compatible	√			√	√
Cost of Ownership		<b>√</b>	-	-	-

### **Closing Remarks**

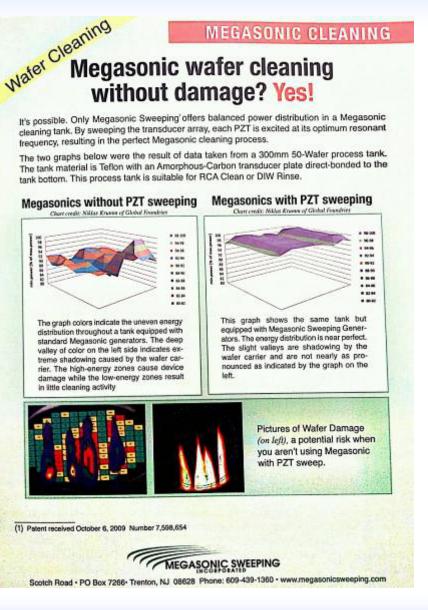
- Connection between ultrasound and cleaning performance continues to be explored
- Complexity in wet clean processes requires acoustic control to maximize cleaning efficiency and limit damage
- Various measurement techniques available; still, the need for standardization exists
- Hydrophone measurements with automated scanning offers a quantitative and systematic approach



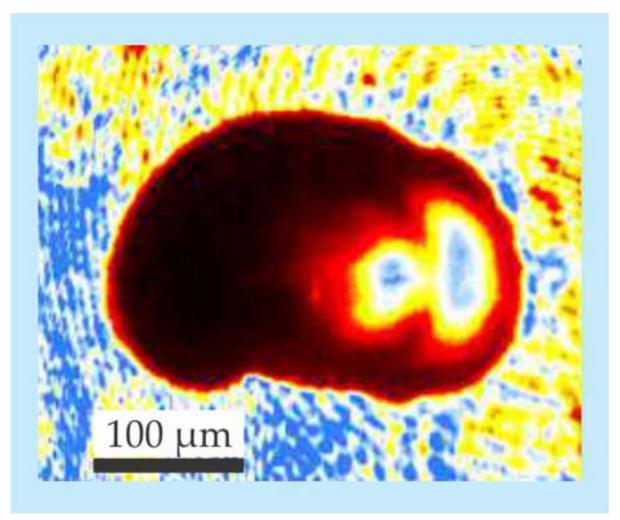
# **BACKUP**

### Megasonic Sweeping (Crest Subsidiary)

Hydrophone Results Defect Maps

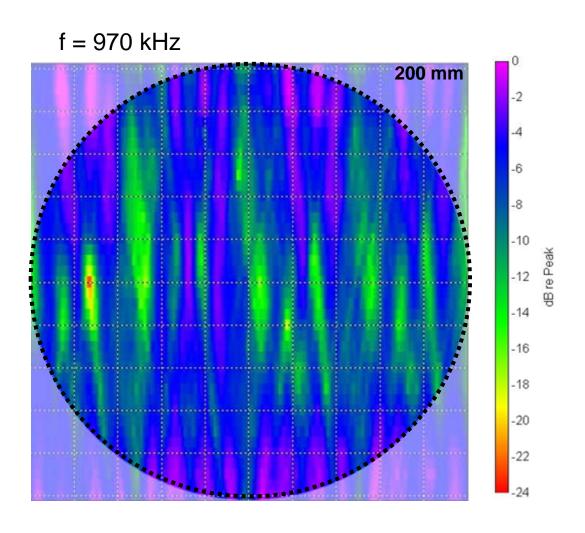


# Sonoluminescence



Physics Today: Mar. 12, 2012, Seth Putterman UCLA

### **Acoustic Pressure Uniformity**



### **HCT Accessories**



32

### Wireless Data Logger



Apple iPad with Redfish App



# Healthmark Sonocheck

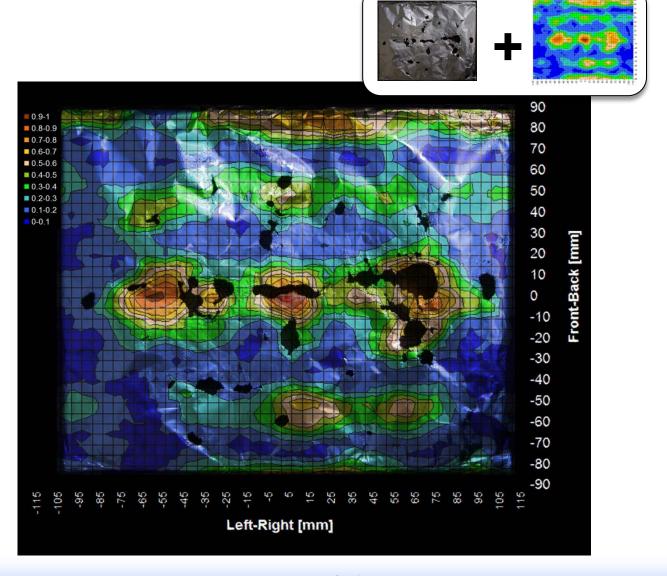




Neat, but not quantitative...

### **Good Correlation:**

Al Foil Erosion and HCT Acoustic Plot

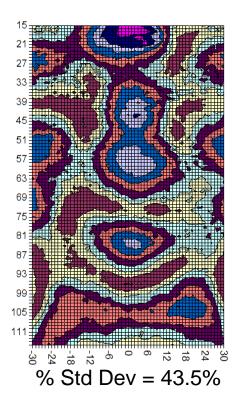


### **Comparing Various Configurations**

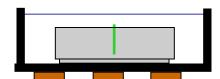
40 kHz Batch System

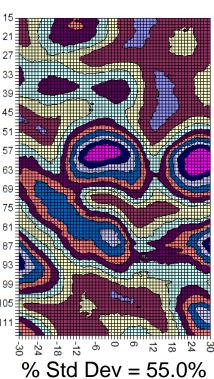
(1) Tank Empty





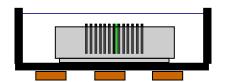
#### (2) Empty Cassette

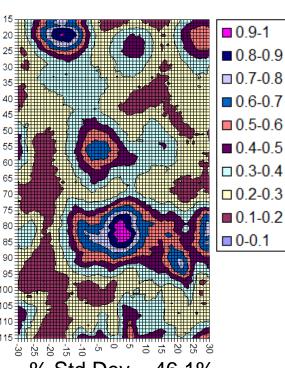




$$\Sigma P_{\text{rms (2)}} = 0.7 \times \Sigma P_{\text{rms (1)}}$$

#### (3) Cassette with 14 Disks





% Std Dev = 46.1%

$$\Sigma P_{\text{rms (3)}} = 0.3 \times \Sigma P_{\text{rms (1)}}$$